Teaching From Country Garŋgulkpuy 25 Oct 2008 Spoken on video in Darwin

Transcription	Translation	Comment
Yow, dhuwandja dhäwu, ŋarra dhu lakaram, ŋunhi nhaltjan limurr dhu ga, napurr dhu gi marŋgikuŋ, beŋur bala wäŋaŋur, balanya nhakun dhuwal mala bittja nhäma? yuta ŋayi dhuwal nhawi walal ga djäma, nhaltjan limurr dhu ga nhakun marŋgikuŋ, marŋgikuŋ wiripuwurruŋgu, limurrungiyingal wäŋaŋur, dhunupa, yow.	Okay, this story, I'm going to tell, about how we will, we will teach from back there at home, like this poster can you see? This is a new thing they have done, how we can teach, teach the others, from our very own places, straight, yes.	Sitting in front of Trevor's poster representing the TFC project. (see www.cdu.edu.au/tfc)
0041 Yolŋu marŋgikunhawuy romgal dhuwal, ŋorra ŋunhal wäŋaŋur <i>limurruŋgiyingal</i> , bili ŋunhili ga ŋorra ŋula nhä mala, ŋunhi nhaltjarr napurr gan marŋgithin, ga dhuwana napurr.	Yolŋu knowledge here through the law, lying there in our own individual places, because there lie all sorts of things, where we learnt, and here we are now.	<i>Rom</i> means culture and law. Translated here usually as law. <i>Limurrungiyingal</i> is a very specific possessive pronoun – our very own places.
106 Dunhi limurr dhu ga marŋgithirr, <i>ŋurrŋgitj</i> ŋur, limurrdja dhu nhäman wiripuny malany marŋgithinyawuy rom, wiripuwurruŋguŋuny.	So we will be learning, by the ancient hearths, we will see a different learning practice, from different (things).	<i>Durrngitj</i> literally charcoal, denotes the ancestral hearths where people have told stories on country since ancestral times.
121 Ga balanya nhakun Yolŋu djamarrkuli ga marŋgithirr romŋur, marŋgithirrdja ŋayi ga, bili ŋunhiyi nhanŋu marŋgikunhawuydja ga ŋorra, raypirriny, ŋunhal banydji ŋunhi yol ŋayi, wanhaŋur ŋayi, nhä ŋayi bapurru, nhä ŋayi malk, yol nhaŋu yapapulu, yol nhanŋu yindipulu, nhina ga ŋunhili ŋayi ŋuli li ga marŋgithirrinydja, yothuny, bala ŋayi ŋuli marrtji ŋal'yuna, nhanŋu <i>birrka'yun</i> awuydja, nhanŋu nurrkuny, bala ŋayi ŋuli marŋgithirra, marŋgi ŋayi ŋunhi Yolŋu yothu. Dalapalyirrdja ŋayi ŋuli, bala marŋginy, romguny.	Just like Yolŋu children learn in the law, he learns, because exactly there his learning lies, discipline, back there, who he is, where he comes from, what group he belongs to, what his skin is, who are his sister people, his mothers' people, when he's sitting over there where he learns, that child, and he grows, his experimenting, his head, so he always learns, he knows that Yolŋu child. He grows up and he knows, the law.	<i>birrka'yun</i> to test, try, experiment, accuse.
217 Ga ŋunhi dhu ŋanapurru marŋgikum dhiyal warraŋulŋur	So if we will be teaching here, situated on the outside, what	<i>marŋgithinyamirr rom</i> the law (appropriate

banydji, nhä malany rom ŋunha ŋorra ga dhiyal wäŋaŋur, ŋunhili dhu yolŋu yothu marŋgithirra mirithirra, bawalamirr. Bili napurr dhu ŋayaŋunha lapmaraman ŋunhili bili napurr dhu dharaŋan ŋunha, waŋa ŋaraka, nhä ŋayi ga ŋorra <i>marŋgithinyamirr rom</i> napurruŋ, yol walalany napurruŋ yolŋuw.	law/culture things lie here in the land, the yolŋu children will learn well, anything. Because we will open our hearts over there, because we will be able to see over there, the bones of the land, whatever stays full of our <i>knowledge law</i> , whoever of our Yolŋu they happen to be.	cultural practice) of gaining knowledge.
251 Ga dhuwandja ŋarra dhu lakaram, nhawipuynha, balanya nhakun ŋayi dhuwaliny yuta nhakun rom, ŋayi nhakun dhu ga nhina, dhiyal bala gali'ŋur balanda,. Marŋgithirra ŋayi dhu nhakun, nhä mala limurruŋ rom, nhä mala limurru marŋgikunhamirr rom mala, ŋayi dhu ga napurr nhakun ŋunhi waŋa napurr dhu ga, ŋunhi nhawikurr, nhä muka nhuma ŋuli lakaram ŋunhi? Nhawi, Skype program? Skype program ŋunhi napurr dhu ga marŋgikum, ŋunhal bala nhakun ŋarra balaŋ gi Yalu'ŋur marŋgikuŋ, ga dhipal balandany universitylil. Studentsnha malany. Dunhi walal dhu ga marŋgithirr yolŋuw mathaw, ga romgu limurruŋ.	So here I will talk about, like, this new way of doing things, that will be set up here, on the Balanda side. They will learn, whatever of our law/culture, our culture/law of teaching, so it is that we will talk, through that, what is it you call it? Um, Skype program? Skype program we will teach, back over there, so I could be teaching from the Yalu' centre, towards here, the Balanda to the university. The students. If they are learning our Yolŋu language and our culture/law.	Yalu' is the small Yolŋu research organisation which Garŋgulkpuy works for.
351 Ga ŋunhi bala nhakun lapmaraŋ ŋarra gomputa, ŋunhal bala, ga walal dhiyal, bala napurr dhu gi waŋanhamirri, ga same time napurr dhu ga nhanhamirri nhakun, ya' bitjan, ŋuruŋiyi programdhuny.	So I would open a computer, over there, and they here, and we will talk to each other, and at the same time we can see each other, you see, through that program.	
408 Ga ŋunhi nhakun ŋarra dhu ŋunhili marŋgikum ŋarra dhu walalany dharaŋanamaram, bili ŋarra dhu ŋunhi ŋunhili wäŋaŋur, <i>rrakiyingal</i> marŋggikum walalany. Bala walaldja dhu ŋunhi ŋunhaldja märram nhä ŋarra ga nhakun marŋgikum walalany, nhä dharuk, nhä rom, nhä mala ŋayi ga norra ŋunhili romŋur ga dharukŋur napurruŋgal.	So where I will teach over there, I will cause them to recognise, because I will be over there at home, teach them about my own specific things. And they over there, will access what I will teach them, what words, what law/culture, and the things that lie inside our words and our law.	<i>Rrakiyingal</i> about my very own.

Ga nhä malany dharuk yindi, walal dhu marŋgithirr, nhä mala dharuk dharrpal walal dhu marŋgithirri, bili dhiyaŋuny bala, ŋäthilidja walal ga bäyŋu marŋgithin nhä mala limurruŋgal gan ŋorran, marŋgithinyamirr rom mala, ga ŋunhi nhakun dhiyaŋ romdhu, yutay romdhu, ŋunhi ŋarra dhu marŋgikuŋ ŋunhal, walaldja dhu nhakun ŋunhi märram nhä mala ga same time walal dhu ga nhäma, nhä ŋunhi backgroundŋur ŋarra ga waŋa. Nhaku ŋarra ga ŋunhi marŋgikuŋ, nhä ŋarra dhu milkum, balanya mala.	And whatever big words they will hear, what ever words are hidden, they will learn, because now, back then they didn't really understand the things that were lying in our law, but the new law, where I will be teaching over there, they will get it, whatever, and at the same time they will see, things in the background when I'm teaching. What I am teaching, what I show, those things.	
521 Ga lasttja ŋarra dhu lakaram ŋunhi, dhuwal napurr Yolŋu'yulŋu mala, ŋunhi napurr ga waŋanhamirr ga bulu napurr ga nhäma ga malŋ'marama, dhäwu malany, ga manymak mala rom, nhaltjan dhu ga nhakun, napurr marŋgikum balandawurruny dhipal, universitylil, wo bawalamirr, ŋunhi yol dhu djälthirri, ŋurukiyi marŋgithinyaraw romgu.	And lastly I'll say this, here are we Yolŋu people, where we talk together and further, we see and find, stories, and good systems for how we will teach, those balanda, to here, to the university, or anywhere, whoever wants to learn that law.	Talking about the research process of working together to find stories and good practice (rom) discovering a way to do remote teaching together.
Ga malŋ'maram napurr ga nhä mala problems, ga ŋorra, ga nhä malany manymak malany ga ŋorra ŋunhi ŋarra dhu ga marŋgikum wo napurru ŋuruŋi mala dhu ga marŋgikuŋ beŋur wäŋaŋur ga räli dhipal.	So we are findings what problems are lying there, and what the good things are lying there, when I'm teaching, or we're teaching from country, towards here.	
Ga balanya napurr dhu ga malŋ'maram, dhukarr malŋ'maram nhä nhakun manymak, napurr ŋunhi napurr dhu marŋgikuŋ walalany dhipal. Ga balanya.	So that's what we'll find, find a path, which one is good, we there, we'll teach them towards here. Like that.	